WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 13, 1888.

Ended.

road and its employes continues, but it is believed that arrangements for an arbitra-tration of the questions involved in the

strike will soon be made. The most imper-

tant enestion is whether the miners will, in

case the advance they are battling for is granted, sesert the rallroad men and return

o work. The Knights of Labor leaders

for they have not. A great many people mistake an attempt at arbitration as a sign

PARLIAMENTARY FORECAST.

PREPARING FOR A STRICTER ENFORCE-MENT OF THE GAG LAW.

The Tory Government Will Not Baye Its Outrageous Treatment of Ireland Discussed Too Freely or Too Plainly -The Local Government Bill.

LONDON, Jan. 12 .- When parliament re opens next month, it will be found that the supporters of the government have not been idle during the recess, nor the frequent cabinet meetings held in vain. Lord Salls bury's statement, that in order to be a good government it is necessary to rule vigorously and he able to enforce its laws, will find still greater exemplification, if that is possible, during the coming session both in repect to the government of beleaguered Ireland and the house of commons. Toe government will direct their first efforts in the nouse toward increasing the potency of method of declining to hear anything disagreeable in the way of discussion on governmental actions and projects. Although this "gag law" was applied very frequently during the last session it appears that too many plain statements, which were offensive to the delicately attuned cars of the tories, were allowed to find utterance. This will be remedied hereafter and the rule made more stringent, so that the government will be able to pursue their present polley without hearing the disagreeable questions it gives rise to. After settling the closure rule they will give their attention to the local government bill, which is as yet unprepared, owing to the dissert expressed by the unionists on many points. The bill in its present state includes a scheme for Ireland, nothing regarding Scotland, and next to nothing for England. It provides for local magistrates being exofficio members of the board of guardians, thus maintaining class distinctions in local saffairs. This feature is especially distasteful to a large number, and if the tories are stubborn on this and some other points, they will succeed in allenating many of those who would otherwise be their supporters, but who are desirous of having democratic local government.

The speech which Lord Salisbury made at Liverpool disappoints even his tory friends, who have heard the threadbard statements he gave vent to until they are tired and worn out by their repetition. The St. James Gazette says that "the speech was made up of matter that has been heard so often that it has become almost revolting," and intimates that the premier is doing no good to the cause of the government by delivering such harangues about the country.

Excitement ran high to night in Berlin over a report that Emperor William was the closure rule, that delightfully effective method of declining to hear anything dis-

the country.

Excitement ran high to-night in Berlin over a report that Emperor William was decidedly worse, and all places which were deemed likely to have information regarding the kaleer were eagerly besleged by inquirers. The report that the crown prince fainted to-day and is worse is not generally believed here in London.

Mr. Sexton is said to have passed the crisis in his disease and to be gatting stronger.

crisis in his disease and to be getting stronger.

Mr. Gladstone has decided not to go to Rome to have an interview with the pope.

The order to open the Moscow University has been revoked, and it will not be opened until March 27.

An employe on the Baltic railway, who kept the nitilists informed of the journey of the exar, has been arrested for implication in the plot to kill him. The plan was all ready for execution on the eve of the man's arrest.

was all ready for execution on the eve of the man's arrest.

The Russian budget places ordinary re-ceipts at \$51,707,628 roubles, and expendi-tures at \$21,242,423 roubles. Extraor-cinary expenditures at 34,250,100 roubles. The fog still continues. Many steamers are fog bound, while several small vessels have gone ashore. Railway traffic is de-moralized. Several casualties have oc-curred.

moralized. Several casualties have occurred.

The Bulgarian government has made a requisition for horses and wagons for war service in the proportion of one cart and twho horses for every 200 householders.

The Stobada declares that Prince Ferdinand would leave his bones on the field of battle rather than abdicate, which would mean the assarsination of Bulgoris.

The Italian troops will advance on Massowah in a few days.

A rection of unionists will oppose the appointment of a minister of agriculture

appointment of a minister of agriculture by Lord Salisbury.

Ringgold Cooper, an American, has been arrested in Patis for a forgery on the Lou-don and Westminster Bank, by which he realized £3 600.

PRESIDENT PLOQUET'S ADDRESS.

PRESIDEST FLOQUET'S ADDRESS.

Panis, Jan. 12.—On assuming the presidency of the chambers to-day M. Floquet spoke of vitality displayed by that body in accomplishing with invincible firmness a necessary but painful sacrifice, and achieving a constitutional evolution which the honor of the republic demanded. It was the duty of the chambers to maintain lasting harmony between the powers. He advised the chambers not to discuss political questions. THE CROWN PRINCE CONFIDENT.

THE CHOWN PRINCE CONFIDENT.

BERLIN, Jan. 12 — The crown prince in a letter thanking the Berlin municipal authorities for their New Year's address, says he has confident, joyful hopes of recovery, and would rejoice to learn that a similar feeling prevailed in Berlin. He greatly regrets that the sympathy expressed for him should exercise an influence on the social life of the citizens to the detriment of the industries of the capital.

Emperor Francis Joseph has summoned the Austrian reichsrath to meet Jan. 25.

Gen. Kaulbars writes that Russia will not yield shything of her Buigarian claims.

Bismarck is again suffering from neuraligla, which his physician attributes to overwork.

The emperor slept well last evening, and suffered no pain. He was out of bed for a

suffered no pain. He was out of bed for a short time yesterday.

Prince Oscar, the second son of King Oscar of Sweden, will shortly be married to Miss Eppa Munck, one of his mather's maids of honor.

The statement that the powers would force Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria to abdicate is denied.

SENATOR INGALLS'S LOSS.

His Elegant Home and Valuable Library Destroyed by Fire.

ATCHISON, KAN., Jan. 12 -The elegant residence of Senator Ingalls, on South Third street, with all its contents, library and all, was entirely destroyed by fire at 5 o'clock this morning. The less cannot fall short of \$12,000, on which there is a partial insurance. The cause of the fire is unknown, sithough it is supposed to have originated in a pile of shavings left by carpenters who were at work in the building yesterday. The secator and his entire family are abent in Washington, and the house was in charge of a colored man.

Senator logalis received a dispatch early yesterday morning announcing the destruction of his house. It was in the hands of the builders undergoing repairs. The house was one of the most elegant private residences in the state, it is valuable library—the collection of a lifetime, which was one of the most complete of any private and all, was entirely destroyed by fire at a

was one of the most complete of any private library in the country—was totally destroyed. It was particularly rich in political hterature. A magnificent collection of pictures, memerators, and souvenirs was also lost.

Lawyer Post Must Stay in Jail. New York, Jan. 12.-Lawyer Charles H. Post, who bought \$250,000 worth of property on States Island for the Baltimore and Ohlo railroad and then refused to transfer it to the company even under order of court, must stay in fall for contempt, his appeal being decided adversely.

Bosros, Jan. 12.-At the Women's Board Missions to-day Mrs. Clark, president of the Baptist Foreign Messionary Society, made an address. She said the society had di mission-aries, 59 Biode women, 102 schools, and 30,000 Baptist women connected with the work.

ASSASSINATION PLOTTED. Anarchists' Plan to Murder the Crown

Prince. LONDON, Jan. 12 -The Paris correspond-

ent of the Daily Chronicle says: "A telegram from San Remo reports the discovery of a plot against the life of the German crown prince. It is said that one of the plotters, a socialist, has turned informer. The police have forbidden access to the promenades in the vicinity of the villa rio, where the crown prince resides."

SENATOR GORMAN'S VICTORY. He Prevents the Syndicate Taking Full

Control of the Baltimore and Ohlo. BALTIMORE, MD., Jan. 12 -The Draxel Morgan syndicate and the private stockholders of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company have met with their first defeat at the hands of Arthur P. Gorman. There was to have been a meeting of the stockholders to have been a meeting of the stockholders to day for the purpose of voting upon a question of the issue of \$5,000,000 of 6 per cent third preferred stock, which was to have been taken by the syndicate. With this stock, it is claimed, the syndicate would have acquired absolute control of the Baltimore and Ohio property. It requires a representation of 100,001 shares of common and preferred stock to constitute a quorum, and Senator Gorman yesterday set about to prevent the necessary representation being present. How well he successed is shown by the fact that to day the private stockholders could only obtain a representation of 70,000 shares. This lack of 24,001 shares defeats for the present, at least, the issue of the third preferred stock, and Senator Gorman scores a big victory. The defeat was brought about by the refusal of the city and state, which jointly hold 45 000 shares of Baltimore and Ohio stock, to participate in to day's proceedings. in to day's proceedings.

THE CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY.

Conference of the Prelates-Subscriptions to Be Solicited.

BALTIMORE, MD., Jan. 12 -Bishop Keane, of Richmond, reached this city to-day, and Bishop Ireland, of St. P.ul, is expected tonight. They will meet with Cardinal Gibbons to confer upon the building of the Catholic University at Washington. This evening Bishop Keane, who is president of
the proposed university, addressed a meeting of the ciercy and laymen on the objects
and purposes of the university, and explained the plans for its accomplishment.
To-morrow Bishop Keane expects to go to
Washington with the architect to select
the site for the theological building, upon
which work will begin as soon as the spring
opens. After the conferences to-night and
to-morrow subscriptions will be solicited
in Baltimore, and after a week or two subscriptions will be asked in Washington.
The object is to gather as much money as
possible before the first structure is begun,
that there may be no delay in the work.
It is thought several millious of dollars
will be required for the completion of the
university. evening Bishop Keaue, who is president of

EULOGIZING LAMAR.

The Mississippi Legislature Glory in Bis Nomination. JACKSON, MISS., Jan. 12.—Both houses of

the legislature to-day adopted the follow-

Ing:

Resolved, That we view with profound gratification and pride the act of the President of the United States in nominating our distinguished fellow-clitzen, Hon. L. Q. C. Lamar, to a seat on the bench of the Supreme Court of the United States; that in Mr. Lamar we recognize a man of broad and comprehensive views, a profound scholar, a grand lawyer and statesman, and a man whose exalted patriotism commands the admiration of the American people.

people.

A joint invitation from both houses was extended to Hoe. Jefferson Davis and family to vielt Jackson during the session of the legislature and asking him to address both bodies.

Both houses have adopted a memorial to Congress, praying for the removal of bridges across the West Pascagoula and Big Black rivers, and that they be replaced by draw bridges.

y draw bringes.

A CLEVELAND MYSTERY

A Weak-Minded Heiress Spirited Out of the Way.

No. Onto. Jan. 13 avenue there is a fine mansion, and over the front door in fancy letters are the words, 'Hasten the Coming and Speed the Parting Guest.' The mistress of the establishment s Mrs. Josephine Ammon. Until recently a Miss Bland, worth \$70,000, and alleged to a Miss Blann, worth \$70,000, and alleged to be simple-inlinded, has boarded with Mrs. Ammon. Recently Miss Blann's guardian took steps to have her removed to more congenial quarters, but the girl could not be found. Detectives and deputy sheriffs have hunted her for weeks, but to no purpose. Mrs. Ammon was finally summoned to court to tell what she knew of the girl's whereabouts. She defied the court and lawyers for two days, but this morning was fined \$100 and committed to jail for contempt. She was locked in a cell, but declares that she will never yield. The case has created an immense sensation in Clevehas created an immense sensation in Cleve

MAGNETIC STORM. An Extended Group of Spots Visible on the Sun.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 12 .- Since noo of Monday, Jan. 9, the magnetic needle has been much disturbed at intervals. There been much disturbed at intervals. There was a marked disturbance Wednesday evening about 8:30 o'clock, During the forencon of Thursday there was a rapid motion, and between 11 and 13 there were indications of a severe magnetic storm. The motion of a heavy needle a foot long was a degree and three-quarters. This extreme agitation followed the earthquake at Columbia, S. C. Mr. II. C. Maine, of this city, reports the appearance of an extended group of sun spots on Monday and Tuesday by the sun's rotation. It is the group which first appeared in the same way Dec. 13 and 14. Since Jan. 9 there have been very rapid and extreme fluctuations of barometric pressure. netric pressure.

CASE FOR SECRETARY BAYARD A Naturalized American Impressed i

the German Army. JACKSON, MICH , Jan. 12 -About three years ago George Nelson, a resident of Gernany, came to this country to escape the many, came to this country to escape the draft. In open count last fall he was ad-mitted to full citizenship, and after secur-ing a passport of Secretary Bayard he went to Bremen. Upon his arrival there he was arrested and fined 200 marks, and told that he must serve four years in the army, and his passports were taken from him. He escaped and walked to another point, where by the sid of his first papers, which the au-thorities failed to get, he secured a pass-port and returned to this country, arriving here yesterday. The matter will be reported to Secretary Bayard.

Illiberal and Partisan.

[Special to the REPUBLICAN.] RICHMOND, VA., Jan. 12—In the senate to sy a vote was taken on the question of the avestigation of the election of P. S. Houston Rep.), from Roanoke, and the resolution was defeated by a lie vote. A reconsideration is pending, and the lieutenant governor has been telegraphed for to cast his vote against Houston telegraphed for to cast his vote against Houston is regarded as an iniberal and partisan move by all Republicans and many Democrata, Houston is a native of Pennsylvania, and has large interests in the state.

Chicago Natural Gas Company. Ciricado, Jan. 12.—The Cooke Natural Gas Company, of Chicago, will receive its articles of incorporation this week. It will explore the gas supply of Chicago. The capital stock is \$1,000.000.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 12 .- Tom Barrett, con ricied of the murder of Car Driver Solle has been sentenced to be hanged May 11.

NOT GUILTY OF MURDER.

JOHN DALLY WAS INSANE WHEN HE KILLED MR. KENNEDY.

Verdict of the Jury in the Case-The Man Still Held in Custody-He Will Go to the Insane Asylum-He Is Sat-

The arguments to the jury in the case of John Daley for the murder of J. C. G. Kennedy were resumed yesterday morning in the criminal court, Mr. Clagett, for the defense, concluding his address, which he commenced on Wednesday. He ridiculed the testimony of the almshouse physicians and scored them for never examining the defendant during the time he was under their care.
In closing he pictured the loneliness of

the prisoner, without a friend, and for the first time since the opening of the trial Daley showed feeling, shedding tears co-plously. He has generally crouched in his piously. He has generally crouched in his chair, keeping his eyes steadily on the ground, and never exhibited any emotion.

Mr. Clagett finished at 10:30, and was followed by Mr. Miller, who called epecial attention to the delay of the government in bringing Daley to trial, which he asserted was because they had doubts of Daley's sacily. Mr. Miller claimed Daley was insane the day of the homicide, and had been insane for ten years prior to the murder.

Mr. Worthington, for the government, began the closing argument at 2:30, and carefully reviewed the testimony of the several witnesses. The question of Daley's carefully reviewed the testimony of the several witnesses. The question of Daley's Insanity on the day of the murder, he de-clared, was no defense. The question was whether or not the deed was the product of Insanity. Witnesses who had seen and spoken to Daley the day of the murder tes-tified he was same. They took the measure of the man.

of the man.

Mr. Worthington then turned his atten-Mr. Worthington then turned his attention to the delusion theory of the case, explaining that Daley's delusions had been shown to have no connection with Mr. Kennedy, and therefore were no defense for the murder, and referred to a prominent exponent of theosophy in this city, "who," said Mr. Worthington," claims that he has a double body, and while here can attend a banquet in Chicago; and not only that, but can get affidavits to prove it, and yet no one thinks of locking the eminent gentleman up in an insane asylum."

Mr. Miller interrupted with "Well, he ought to have been there long ago."

Mr. Worthington continued, showing that people frequently had delusions who were perfectly sane, and referred to the fact that physicians frequently were required to

were perfectly sane, and referred to the fact that physicians frequently were required to give their patients bread pills for their supposed aliments. In conclusion Mr. Worthington claimed that Daley was not lurking around looking for Mr. Elliott, but for Mr. Kennedy, and that he killed him out of revenge, and that the homicide was willful murder.

Mr. Worthington fluished at 4 O'clock. Justice Montgomery then instructed the jury, carefully reviewing the case as claimed

Mr. Worthington flaished at 4 o'clock, Justice Montgomery then instructed the jury, carefully reviewing the case as claimed by the prosecution and defense, and instructed them if after careful deliberation of the law and the evidence they found Daley insane and irresponsible he should be acquitted, and if found to be not wholly insane, the delu ions not connected with the homicide, and to be a responsible agent the verdict should be guilty.

The jury retired at 4:40.
One hour and twenty minutes later it was announced that they had agreed on a verdict.

Justice Montgomery and counsel were sent for, and at 6:10 the jury came into the court room and rendered a verdict of not guilty.

As soon as District Attorney Lipscomb As soon as District Attorney Lipscomb recovered from his surprise at the result of the hard fought trial he said: "Your bonor, as soon as the verdict is recorded, I make an application that Daley be not discharged, and since the jury has decided that he is not guilty, and since the evidence has clearly shown that if he is not guilty it is by reason of his insanity, it is well that he should be held in the castody of the law until the question of his sanity or insanity can otherwise be determined, and I ask that he be held in the custody of the marshal until the question of his insanity be decided."

The jury immediately arose and said, as one man, that they had meant to render a verdict "not guilty by reason of insanity."

The verdict was then entered by the clerk, after which Mr. Lipscomb said:

clerk, after which Mr. Lipscomb said:
"Now, your honor, according to the law of
the land the prisoner has been acquitted by
reason of his irresponsibility under the law,
and is therefore still under the authority of he court, and I therefore ask that he be neld in custody of the marshal."

the court, and I therefore ask toat he be held in custody of the marshal." Justice Montgomery made the desired order, and turning to the jury compli-mented them on behalf of the community for discharging their duty, and adjourned court.

While the jurors were being polled, pre paratory to receiving the verdict, Daley sat squarely facing the court, with downcast eyes, and not a muscle moved, or a shadow of feeling exhibited itself on the verdict being read. His face were the same half-vacant, don't care expression that he has assumed all through the trial.

He was immediately taken in charge by the marshal, and later in the evening removed to the urst precipic station, where

moved to the drst preciset station, where he will remain until the order of commit-ment to the insane asylum is obtained from the Department of the Interior.

DALEY FOOLED THE JURY.

He Laughs at the Manner in Whie He Tricked Them.

A REPUBLICAN representative called to see Daley at the first precinct station last night. He was very communicative, and greatly rejoiced at the result of the trial. The officer who accompanied the reporter to the cell made the remark, "Is that the man that was after Elliotty" which started Daley talking after the officer had left. "You bet I was after Elliott," said Daley, and its good for him I didn't eatch him "
"You were looking for Elliott," queried

the reporter.
"Yes, but he went back on me on the Daley thought a minute and said: "Look Daley thought a minute and said: "Look here, I'll tell you what saved me, Dr. Godding saved me from awinging, sure. Most people thought I'd swing, didn't they ?" "No." replied the reporter, "I didn't and won a bet on you." "Did you?" said Daley, laughingly. "Well, it's ail over now. I feel good. What made you think I'd get off—the evidence?"

dence?"

The reporter assured bim that was the reason, when he resumed; "I heard them talking in the seats behind me, and they all thought I'd be hung. But you didn't, eh!"
"No; you didn't seem to be surprised at the verdict."

the verdict."

"How do you know how I felt?"

"Well, you didn't show it?"

"Oh, it wouldn't do. Don't you know
the lury were watching me all the time."

"Did your connect think you'd get off?"

"I don't know what they thought,
never spoke to them in court at all."

"Why?"

"Why?" It would spoil the case. Don't you see the jury were watching me all the time, and I knew it, too. Now, I might have said something that would have convicted me. They had it all fixed, and I might have spoilt it. You see, I kept my eyes on the jury, and they watched me to see if I was insane, and if I had sat up straight and talked I'd have swing for it, but I crunched all up in my chair and worked the fits on them this way (and Daley put his hand to his chin and gritted his teeth), and they saw from that I was insane. It would have been all up with me, only for thit. I worked the fits on them—not much, you know; just a little—just enough to show 'em I was insane.'
"It was pretty hard to be swindled out of your property, wasn't it?" queried the reporter.
"Of course, it growed on a min. I got all worked up over it. I couldn't prove that I gave my father and stepmother the best part of the money to buy the lots. "Why?" It would spoil the case. Don't

The Great Reading Strike May Soon be PROLADELPHIA, Jan. 12 -The struggle between the Philadelphia and Reading rati-

They were just common (vacant) then, but they was worth a heap later, and there was three checks shown up there (court house)—two for \$50 and one for \$25. I was charged with \$125, but I only got \$50."
"Well, you are all right now?"
"Yes, I feel good. It's a nice place the 'sylum, and it's all I want. I'm satisfiel. I'll take some medicine to fix what I cat, as it's all dry inside of me."

WORST OF THE SEASON.

A Blinding Blizzard Sweeping Through

the Western States.
St. Paul., Minn., Jan. 12.—Railroad non agree that the storm of to-day is the vorst ever known in the northwest for heir business. It extends from the Rocky mountains to Lake Michigan, but its worst effects are felt in Dakota and Minnesota. Everywhere it has been accompanied by high winds which drifts the snow badly, and in northern Dakota with below zero temperature it assumes the character of a gennine blizzard. The railroads had hardly finished clearing their tracks from the previous storm and that of to-day has absolutely blocked all the small roads, though the through lines are battling bravely against the elements to keep trains moving. Trains on the roads to Chicago are one to nine hours late, but all the main lines are still open, and eastern trains left as usual to night. All freights on the Northern Pacific and Manitoba lines have been abandoned, and no passenger trains were sent out on these roads to night. The Kansas City train, on the Omaha, was also abandoned. Supt. Egen, of the Manitoba says its passenger trains are laid up at stations where there is plenty to est.

The St. Paul and Duluth is trying to ffects are felt in Dakota and Minnesota.

Egan, of the Manitoba, says its presenger trains are laid up at stations where there is plenty to est.

The St. Paul and Duluth is trying to keep its main line open, but has abandoned the branches. A special from Huron, Dak., says: The wind is blowing lifty miles an bour. The air is 5 full of snow that one is unable to see fifty feet at any time. Some unthinking teachers dismissed young school children, some of whom have to go four or five blocks across the open land. Five or ext children got lost. Whistles were blown, bells rung, and people turned out and took long ropes and walked lifteen or twenty abreast back and forth over the ground. They have found two, but be others have not yet been discovered.

The mercury is 4 degrees below zero, and has fallen 25 degrees since 10 o'clock.

Bismarck reports that children started for a school were forced back by the fury of the storm. A Pierre, Dak., special says: The wind is blowing 60 miles an hour, and it is impossible to see 15 feet. Three trains are snowbound at Ree Heights, and there is a reported collision between two freights at the same point.

Minot, Dak, reports the storm raging there for twenty-four hours, and the temperature 15° below. All railway travel is suspended. Jamestown, Dak., reports no trains moving on the main line of the Northern Pacific. Groton, Dak., reports the wind blowing a gale, the mercury 20° below, and impossible to see more than two rods.

In St. Paul the parade and other cere-

monies attending the laying of the corner-stone of the third ice palace were postponed stone of the third ice palace were postponed to Saturday.
Chicago, Jan. 12.—Heavy and drifting snow fell this afternoon, and will be followed before to-morrow night by a cold wave, averaging a drop of 20 degrees. The snow was dry and hard, whirling in great clouds through the streets and over the prairies, bringing to a standstill all traffic. To-night about 8 o'clock, when the outlook was apparently for a blockade that would last days and cost the railroads alone many thousands, the snow suddenly ecased and the howling wind became almost balmy. A slight sprinkle of rain had fallen and the snow was melting somewhat. No serious

A slight sprinkle of rain had fallen and the snow was melting somewhat. No serious delays to trains were reported.

Osneosu, Wis. Jan. 12.—A blizzard set in this afternoon, and threatens to seriously interfere with the railroads. The snow is very fine, and drifting baily. The street railway service has been abandoned. The snow will about cripple lumbering operations.

The snow will about triple of the snow will also a factor of the season is raging here. The snow is beavy and deep, and roads will probably be hadly blocked.

Storn City, Iowa, Jan. 12.—The worst blizzard for year has been ranging since 3 p. m. No trains are running to-night, and if the storm continues there will be a general blockede.

SEISMIC DISTURBANCE. Distinctive Shocks Felt But No Damuge Done.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 12 .- There was mearthquake shock at Summerville at 9:55 this morning. The disturbance was also noticed by some persons here, though it was so slight as not to be fel, by the maorit, or people There was no damage and no alarm.

The shock was generally felt throughout the coast country and as far west as Augusta. No damage has been reported at

of this city were p

strike, and that no in them to break their, pany. Mr. McLeod freight was being trained that the coal traille we state. A coal train road is now quite total coal shipmen coal regions footed they came down the four hours. Proyri

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gusta. No damage has been reported at any place.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 12—A sharp earthquake shock was felt here this morning about 10 o'clock. No damage was done.

SAYANNAH, GA., Jan. 12—A distinct earthquake shock was felt here at 0:32 this morning. Houses were shaken and many people were frightened, but no damage was done. The duration of the shock was about onds. It seemingly passed from

five seconds. It seemingly passed from west to east. RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 12.—A slight shock or early quake was felt here at 9.55 this morning. Advices from Charlotte report a shock there and the people greatly ex-cited, fearing a repetition of the disaster of 1886. There was also a strong shock felt at Shelly and other points. Shelly and other points. OHIO ARMORY BURNED.

over Three Hundred Valuable Dogs Perish in the Flames.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Jan. 12 .- The armory of the 14th regiment was destroyed by fire at 6 o'clock this morning. The building was totally enveloped in flames ten minutes after the fire was discovered. One thousand rounds of ammunition, which were in the building, were exploded, the bullets flying in all directions. The loss to the state is \$15,000.

the state is \$15,000.

The annual exhibition of the Poultry and Kennel Association was being held in the building. Over 300 valuable dogs were lost, but the famous Gordon setter. Round Duke, valued at \$10,000, and the Eaglish setter Paul Gladstoge, also valued at \$10,000, were saved. The finest St. Bernard in America was lost.

Receiver for Lawton's Funds. BALTIMORE, Jan. 12.—The Blackstone Na-onal Bank of Boston has asked for a receiver or \$250,000 in bonds and securities in the hands of John C. Griffin, which were the property of Walter E. Lawton, the bankrupt New York

HAVERHILL, Mass., Jan. 12.—The unknown woman supposed to be Mrs. Flora E. Walker, the eleventh victim of the Boston and Maine disaster, died lastevening. Mr. Hart and Mr. Wentworth are dying.

The Eleventh Victim.

CAPITOL NOTES. The famous McGarrahan claim will be fa-orably reported in the Senate in a day or so,

The formal application of Utah for admission as a state was made yesterday by Delegate Caine. The documents were referred to the committee on territories.

In yesterday's executive session, after considerable debate, much of it of a molay character, it was decided not to take up the nomitions of Mesers. Lamar, Vilas, and Dickinson until Monday next. until Monday next.

The French government has invited the United States to be represented at an international exhibition in Paris in 1889, and the President yesterday transmitted to Congress the communication.

Senator Culion introduced a bill yesterday which provides that the legislative power of the territory of Utah shall be vested in the governor and legislative ass mbly, the latter to consist of flutteen citizens of the United States, residents of the territory, to be announted by the President and confirmed by the Senate.

A SETTLEMENT PROBABLE. BEAUTY AND DIPLOMATS

MAKE BRILLIANT THE SCENES AT THE PRESIDENT'S RECEPTION

The Society Event of the Season-Rep. resentatives of All Nations Lend Their Presence-Many Rich and Eiegant Tollettes Displayed,

Of all the diplomatic receptions that have made gay the beautiful room; and corrimalpiain that the men will stand or fall todors of the white house none for years gether, and that the strike cannot be settled mest were more brilliant or more largely unless both the miners and the rallroad hands are appeased. The Reading officials Before the hour of 9 o'clock had arrivel gave no information on the subject, and the the front door of the executive mansion eaders who represent the miners refuse to was besieged by a crowd of invited guests. define their position and to say whether there is any possibility of a division of the two bodies of employes.

The only prominent leader in the city was W. T. Lewis, master workman of Miners' District Assembly, No. 155, the manager of the miners' strike. Mr. Lewis was at the Windsor Hotel all day, and had a Fege pile of letters and dispatches before him, which he was trying to answer. He was interrupted repeatedly, but he bore it all with great good nature. He said that he had been misrepresented in some of the published statements relating to the strike, the did not say that the unners and the railroaders would stand or fail together, in their did he say that they would not. The statement that the miners would oght their own battle, and that they would have nothing to do with the railroaders, did not emante from him.

"You can say this," continued Mr. Lewis: "The lee has been broken, but I do not know whether it will freeze up again. Do rot say that the miners have weakened, for they have not. A great many people mistake an attempt at arbitration as a sign there'ls any possibility of a division of the

Before the hour of 9 o'clock had arrived the front door of the executive mausion was besieged by a crowd of invited guests. They were admitted as fast as was proper, but for nearly an hour there seemed to be no diminution in the number of these who would pay their respects to the President and Mrs. Cleveland. At about 9.30 the first few flakes of "the beautiful" commenced to fall, and the situation of those hidles who were outside was not a pleasant or a healthful one. The chilliness of the stone steps penetrated thin shoe soles and the cold wind and damp show found its way through wraps and capes to the unproteed anatomy of the great majority. By 10 o'clock everyhody was in, and after the cloaks had been laid aside the newcomers joined the stream that flowed toward the bine room.

At a little after 9 the presidential party appeared, led by Col. J. M. Wilson and Leut. Burail, while the Marine Band, directed by Prof. Soura, played "Hall to the Chief." The President walked with Mrs. Edward, Secretary Endicott with Mrs. Fafrechild, while Secretary Waltiney and Postmaster General Vilas came together. They passed into the blue room, and took up their usual positions.

Mrs. Cleveland were a trained dress of ruby plush, bother low, outlined with old gold passementerie, diamond necklace about her throat, and diamond star in her bair; Miss Bayard wore white silk with white lace flounces; Mrs. Fairchild, blue eilk, low wist, and train trimmed with gold lace and fringer Mrs. Whitney, siate colored Ottoman silk, silk cord passementerie, diamond star in hereafting fluor in interesting group was assembled—Miss Nelson and Miss Gardner, of Boston; Misses Florence and Loulse Bayard, with their cousin, Miss Lockwood, Miss Vilas, Mrs. Lamont, Mrs. J. M. Wilson, Dr. and Mrs. Warner, of New York (one of the most attractive and beautiful young lad es present); Mrs. Sloane, of New York (one of the most attractive and beautiful young lad es present); Mrs. Sloane, of New York. Miss Jenuic S. Parker, of New York in the president of the of cowardice. It may be just the reverse The lee has been broken, as I told you, but what the result will be time alone can tell." 'Do you expect to hear from the Read-ing officials?" answered the leader with a "Well," answered the leader with a smile, "I can't say. I am here, that is all. But you can say that I don't expect to remain in Philadelphia forever."

"Have the miners and the railroaders pooled their issues?"

"Inst I cannot say: I have been authorized to represent only the former, and have no right to speak for the latter. Probably their representatives can enlighten you on thay point." Lewis was very guarded, and studiously refrained from saying anything that could be construed into an acknowledg-ment of a disturbance of the relations exment of a disturbance of the relations ex-lating between the miners and the rail-roaders. His language indicated that the issues which the two bodies of men were battling for were the same, but that each would attend to its own interests without doing anything more than consulting with the other.

would attend to its own interests without doing anything more than consulting with the other.

"I don't know what the result will be," Mr. Lewis went on to say, "The strike stil' continues, and I am here to see what can be done to settle it. I am not prepared to say whether we will make any concessions, or if we will what they are, but I am here for our position, and the public will then be satisfied that we are in the right."

READING, Jan. 12.—A largely attended meeting of the Reading board of trade was he i here to night. The committee of five free city councils appointed to wait on Provident Corbin stating that if he could arrange another business engagement he would meet the committee from Reading on Saturday morning that I o'clock, otherwise on Monday. The board appointed a committee of five, consisting of ex-Congressman Ancona, Henry S. Eckert, bank president J. K. Righter, prechant; Goorge F. Lance, lumber merchant; J. B. Frieker, contractor.

There will be a conference of the two committees to-morrow evening. It was given as the cristing to night that the committees should not only visit Mr. Corbin and explain the situation, and represent to him the state of feeling of Schuylkili Valley, but that the semi defirences should be paid to the hadre of the strike, and that the committees should not only visit Mr. Corbin and explain the situation, and represent to him the state of feeling of Schuylkili Valley, but that the semi defirences should be paid to the hadre of the strike, and that the committees and John H. Davis, chairman of the Reading railroaders' strike committee, and John H. Davis, chairman of the John committee of the Millers and Laborers' Amargamated Association and Knights of Labor. Taese three continues with William T. Lawis, master workman of the Millers and Laborers' Amargamated Association and Knights of Labor. Taese three continues with William T. Lawis, master workman of the Millers and Laborers' Amargamated Association and Knights of Labor. Taese three low, Miss Pruys, of Albany; Miss Howard, and others.
Secretary Bayard presented the diplomats to the President. Firstcame Minister Preston, of Hayli, the dean of the corps, and Viscount de Nogueiras, of Portugal; Mr. de Bounder, of Belgium; Sir Llone West, with Miss Amelia West, the Hon. Henry Edwardes, Minister and Mme. Romero and suite, of Mexico; Mr. de Struve, of Russia; Minister Roustan and Count Sala and Mr. Salanson; Col. Frey, of Switzerland; Minister and Miss Carter, of Hawaii; Baron von Zedwitz, charge d'affaires, ef Germany; Mr. Masikuy, Minister and Mme. de Reuterskiold, of Norway and Swedeu; Minister Quesada, Argentine Republic; Mr. Germany; Mr. Masikay, Minister and Mme. de Reuterskiold, of Norway and Sweden; Minister Quesada, Argentine Republic; Mr. and Mrs. Gomez; Minister Muruaga, of Spain, with Mr. and Mrs. Pedrosa, the latter the bride of the diplomatic corpa; the Chicese minister and suite, Minister and Mme. de Gana, Mavroyoni Bey, of Turkey; Chevaller Tavera, of Austria; Minister and Guzman, of Nicaragua; Senor Hertado, Colombia; Mr. Lovenora, of Denmark; Senor Olavarila, of Venezuela, and numerous secretaites and attaches passed through the rooms. Justice Waite, Judge Drake, Senator John Snerman and ladies. Sanator and Mrs. Palmer, Senator and Mrs. Cockrell, Senator, Mrs. and Miss Cullom, Representative and Mrs. Farquinar, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Fex, and Miss Beniah Fox. Judge and Miss Murry, Judge and Mrs. Durham, Mr. and Mrs. Oberly and daughtere, Mr. and Mrs. Eckles, Judge and Mrs. Oberly and daughtere, Mr. and Mrs. Cultwaite, Mrs. Mandonald, Hon. George Bancroft. Senator and Mrs. Outbwaite, Mrs. Mandonald, Hon. George Bancroft. Senator and Mrs. Manderson, Mrs. Patten and the Misses Patten, Commissioner Black and Mrs. Elack, Gen. Wheeler and the Misses Viceder, Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Warner, Hon. Chas. Grosvenor, Mrs. Grosvenor and the Misses Grosvenor and the Misses Gros Chas. Grosvenor, Mrs. Grosvenor and the Misses Grosvenor, Mr. Marshall P. Wilder, and a host of others.

chairman of the joint committee of the Milners and Laborers' Amaigamated Association and Knights of Labor. Toese three gentlemen will either be invited to come to Reading, or they will be visited at any placethey may designate.

Visueral Manager McLeod paid a flying visit to, Reading to day, and during his entire stay was in carnest conference with Superintendent Cable. The two talked over the situation. Mr. McLeod was given assurance that it men in the shops of this city were p of a first of others.

A large delegation of newspaper corre-condents with their wives and other ladies t thirty senators and not less than a hundred representatives were noted as guests, while every other branch of the United States service—civil, judicial, mili-tary, naval, and executive—was within easy

few minutes before 11 o'clock the tial party left the blue room, and by the green and east rooms, woom, and from thence ***rtments. om after the ree, the hues

GEORGE L. RIVES.

The Recently Appointed Assista Secretary of State. George L. Elves, recently appointed by to succeed James D. Porter, resigned, w.o. s now in the 39th year of his age. He comes



is a son of Mr. Francis sitres, of New York, and a grandson of the late William O. Rivas, of Alternatic, Va. a friend of Jefferson, Medisan, and Monroe, a United States scenter from Virginia, and twice minister to France. Mr. Rives graduated from Columbia College, New York, in 1898. From there he went to England, and entered Trights College, Cambridge University of the College Cambridge University of the University of the Cambridge University of the Un Columbia College, New York, in ISES, From there he went to England, and entered Triaity College, Cambridge University, where he graduated in ISES as fifth wrangler. Mr. litves in the following year, 1SES, tore off the university prize for the Shakeperean essay. Upon his return to New York Mr. litves entered the law school, Columbia College, of which he is a graduate. He began the practice of his profession in New York, which he successfully pursued up to the day of his appointment as assistant recretary of state.

Mr. Rives takes great interest in higher education, institutions of learning, and the diffusion of knowledge by public libraries and reading rooms. He is one of the trustees of Columbia College, and a trustee of the Astor library, and his severe training has made him a close student of men and measures. The assistant secretary of state comes into his present important position well equipped for its successful administration, and the general conviction is that Mr. Bayard has manifested good judgment in selecting Mr. Rives for his first assistant.

SENATORIAL RECEPTIONS. Many Making Calls Notwithstanding the Cold Weather. The senatorial houses that were open yesterday had an army of callers. Mrs. Hearst, Mrs. Stanford, Mrs. Palmer, Mrs. Paddock, Mrs. McPherson, Mrs. Fry, Mrs. Manderson, Mrs. Farwell, Mrs. Sabin, Mrs. Sher on, Mrs. Farwell, Mrs. Saon, Mrs. Saer man, and others held most delightful receptions. In every house refreshments were offered, and the outside cold and dry air gave unwonted charm to the hossitality.

Among the callers were Col. and Mrs. Colton, Mrs. S. M. Bryan, Mrs. Wilkins, Mrs. Lamar, jr., Mrs. and Miss Mullan, Mrs. and Miss Ellis, Mr. Zachry, Hon. Thomas L. Thompson, Mrs. Dolph, Miss Odeneal, Mrs. Nixon, Mrs. Gen. Black, Mrj. Armes, Mrs. McComes, Mrs. and Miss Breckinridge, Mrs. Spooner, Mrs. Burrows, Mrs. Stockbridge, Miss Edes, Mrs. Knott, Mrs. James E. Campbell, Justice and Mrs. Field, Mrs. Blatchford, Mrs. Oberly, Miss Carile Denvir, Mr. and Mrs. William F. Curtis, the Chinese minister and Mr. Lang, Dr. Yow, M. Roustan, Dr. and Mrs. Van Henry Smith, Mrs. John G. Maore, ex Secretary McCulloch, Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Palge, Lieut, and Mrs. Rodgers, Mrs. Broathead, Mrs. J. B. Edmonds, Mrs. Judge Carey, Mrs. Hallet Kilbourn, Mrs. Frank Gordon, Mrs. George W. Steele, Mrs. Juan, Mrs. George W. Steele, Mrs. Juan, Mrs. George W. Steele, Mrs. Juan, Mrs. W. W. Burdett, and Mass. Frank Gordon, Mrs. George W. Steele, Mrs. Juan, Mrs. W. W. Burdett, and Mass. Frank Gordon, Mrs. George W. Steele, Mrs. Juan, Mrs. W. W. Burdett, and Masa Mrs. Juan, Mrs. W. W. Burdett, and Madame Romero. man, and others held most delightful re-

Mrs. George W. Steele, Mrs. Lyann, Mrs. W. W. Burdett, and Madame Romero. The reception of Mrs. Senator Stanford proved to be one of the leading society attractions yesterday. Notwithstanling the cold weather, which interfered very considcold weather, which laterfered very considerably with the pleasure of making calls, the bospitable pariors of Mrs Stanford were througed during the entire afternoon with the leading representatives of Washington excitety, a special feature being the number of diplomatic callers. Mrs. Stanford was ably assisted in receiving her numerous callers by Mrs. Condit Smith and her daughters, who made everything pleasant. The dining rooms were liberally supher daughters, who made everything pleasant. The dining rooms were liberally supplied with all the rare delicacies, and to which liberal attention was paid. Mrs. Stanford has the faculty of making all her callers feel perfectly at home. Sho has many friends here, the numbers of which are constantly on the increase. Mrs. Stanford will be at home the remaining Thurs days of this month.

Mrs. and Miss Cullom were assisted at their reception vesterday afternoon by Missian by Missian the Mrs. Stevenson, wife of the area of the ster general, and Miss Winston and Mrs. Representative Hopsion.

NOT EQUAL TO THE TASK.

WHAT DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSIES SAY OF THE PUBLIC PRINTER.

A Very Land Howl Goes Up for the "Record"-It Comes no More at Brenkfast Time, but is Now an Afternoon Production.

In the House vesterday afternoon a reso Ohio, calling on the committee on printing to investigate and report on the delay to upplying members with copies of the Con-receional Record, Without a dissenting rotce the resolution was adopted, and vote the resolution was adopted, and probably to day Chairman Richardson, of the committee, will lay before the House "The" Benedict's excuss for falling to do what his predecessors have invariably done and done well. Tag resolution was but the natural onigrawa's of adeep and widespread disaylifaction. resolution was but the natural outgrowth of a deep and widespread dissatisfaction. No one can easy truthfully that there is anything political in the move, for three was not one objection to the resolution; even the customery question as to what was meant by the toquiry was not asked, for Democrats and Republicans allie know that the Record had never been run to so slipshod a manner as it has been during this resolution.

this resiston.
After the House mijourned yesterlay a firmulators reporter saw a number of legislators, and into his ears they placed their trouble on the Record question. Sametimes they got their copies by 10 o'clock, and sametimes not before 11; never hefore

times they got their copies by 10 o'clock, and sometimes not before 11; never hefores a c'cleck, as they always had biliterto. Naturally, they desired to see in type thy proceedings of the previous day, and if there were any corrections to be made they would see them in time if the Record was supplied them so that it might be permed at an 8 o'clock breakfast.

Mr. McAndoo had a large stand grievance and said he could see no reason why a Democratic public printer could not succeed in doing the congressional printing as well and as rapidly as it had been done when the office was administered by Eupablicans.

Mr. Foran said: "The Record is all out of joint and certainly should be put right."

Gen. Hooker, of Mississippi, said: "There is no excuse for any such delay as we have suffered from ever since this session commenced. It never occurred before, and I cannot understand its occurrence at this time. The public printer told me a day or two ago that the clerks of the House were to blame, but whether that is so or not I do not know."

The scribe hunted up Gen. Clark, clerk of the House, and asked him why he persisted in delaying the Record, when the public printer was so auxious to get it out in time. The general's response was that he knew of no reason why it should be late every day. The fault was not in his office. Of course, everybody was auxious to throw the blame on somebody else.

Mr. Crain was evidently of the opinion that the public printer goties had been closed for some time past. He never got

Mr. Crain was evidently of the opinion that the public printing office had been closed for some time past. He never got his Record until he arrived at the House, but what annoyed him more was the fact that bills and resolutions for which committees were waiting anxiously had not yet been printed, and a number of them had been sent to the printing office a week ago. This, he said, never occurred under Mr. Rounds. It was that peculiar kind of cheeseparing economy which was extremely expensive, for it was delaying committee action on important resolutions.

Mr. S. S. Cox said the Record was a great convenience if only delivered in time, but that did not seem to be possible at this time. It was a valuable aid in debute, but it was necessary that members should nave

time. It was a valuable aid in debate, but it was necessary that members should have it in their hands before the House met. He was sorry to see that the public printer was endeavoring to make an afternoon paper of what Congress had intended should be a morning journal. This should be remedied. Mr Meliae said he was one of the favored few that received the Record as often as once in three or four days.

A kind Providence evidently watched over good looking members, for Mr. Ricasidson, chairman of the committee on priating, and Mr. Archie Bliss both received their Records with a regularity that did not

their Records with a regularity that did not break down oftener than twice a week. Mr. Hemphili said he had not had a Recrd delivered at his residence since the aca-

and delivered at his residence since the sea-sion begins and was very much inconve-nienced thereby.

Mr. Burness said "the Tree of that he longed for never came," and added, "but they sent me the index this morning and

they self mg-the index this morning mya-cust gives me considerable insight late what has been said and done, so you see I have no just ground of complaint. I shall ity to struggle along with the index." Mr Taulbee said: "I have never received Mr Taulbee said: "I have never received the Record at my house yet, and even here, at my desk, it has been as late as 11 o'clock. I always used to get it before So'clock at my residence, and therefore could con it at breakfast. Even when there had been a night session and we did not adjourn until midnight it was always on hand just as promptly as though we had adjourned early in the day."

Mr Bland said: "There is a hitch somewhere. The Record of the series and the somewhere.

in the day."

Mr Bland said: "There is a hitch somewhere. The Record does not come to us as it did in former years. It is very irregu-One member said he thought much of the trouble was due to the large number of incompletent men that had been forced upon the public printer by members who had lots of hungry constituents. This had, of course, necessitated the discharge of experienced hands, and, as a natural consequence, the work could neither be well nor speedily done. "If the Record is three or four hours late now," he added, "what will it be when speeches are long, and numerous and tabulated statements large and complicated, it is a portion if our medicine, however, and the large our medicine, however, and One member said he thought much of the